

IN THE CLAIMS:

1 1. (Amended Twice) A direct current sum bandgap voltage
2 comparator comprising:

3 a summing node;

4 a plurality of current sources connected to the summing
5 node, each current source further comprising at least one
6 transistor, and each current source supplying a current to the
7 summing node and being connected to a power supply voltage,
8 wherein the currents sources supply currents according to a
9 bandgap equation:

10
$$K_1(V_{CC} - V_T) + K_1 V_T = K_2 V_{BE} + K_3 (kT/q)$$

11 where V_{CC} is the power supply voltage, V_T is the predetermined
12 threshold voltage which defines the minimum acceptable voltage
13 of V_{CC} , V_{BE} is a base emitter voltage defined by a selected
14 transistor which comprises a current source within the plurality
15 of current sources, and kT/q is equal to a thermal voltage where
16 k is Boltzman's constant, T is the temperature in kelvin, q is
17 the electronic charge, and K_1 , K_2 , and K_3 are constants; and

18 an indicator circuit having an input connected to the
19 summing node and generating a logical signal at an output,
20 responsive to voltage changes in the summing node.

1 4 : (Amended Twice) A direct current sum bandgap voltage
2 comparator comprising:

4 a summing node;

6 a plurality of current sources connected to the summing
7 node, each current source further comprising at least one
8 transistor, and each current source supplying a current to the
9 summing node and being connected to a power supply voltage; and

11 an indicator circuit having an input connected to the
12 summing node and generating a logical signal at an output,
13 responsive to voltage changes in the summing node, wherein the
14 currents sources supply currents according to a bandgap equation:

$$K_1(V_{CC} - V_T) + K_1 V_T = K_2 V_{BE} + K_3 (kT/q)$$

where V_{CC} is the power supply voltage, V_T is the predetermined threshold voltage which defines the minimum acceptable voltage of V_{CC} , V_{BE} is a base emitter voltage defined by a selected transistor which comprises a current source within the plurality of current sources, and kT/q is equal to a thermal voltage where k is Boltzman's constant, T is the temperature in kelvin, q is the electronic charge, and K_1 , K_2 , and K_3 are constants and wherein the plurality of current sources comprises four current mirrors.

26. (Amended Twice) The direct current sum bandgap voltage
27 comparator of claim 8 further comprising a clamping circuit
28 connected to the summing node, wherein a voltage swing for the
29 summing node, responsive to changes in current supplied by the
30 current mirrors, may be set between [selected] predetermined
31 voltages.

33 10. (Amended Twice) The direct current sum bandgap voltage
34 comparator of claim 8 further comprising a cascode stage having
35 at least a first and second connections, the first connection is
36 connected to the summing node and the second connection is
37 connected to one of the four current mirrors. [located between
38 the summing node and the current mirrors.]

1 14. (Amended Twice) A zero power circuit comprising:

2 a first circuit;

5 a direct current sum bandgap voltage comparator comprising:

7 a summing node;

9 a plurality of current sources connected to the summing
10 node, each current source further comprising at least one
11 transistor, and each current source supplying a current to the
12 summing node and being connected to a power supply voltage,
13 wherein the current sources supply according to a bandgap
14 equation:

$$K_1(V_{CC} - V_T) + K_1 V_T = K_2 V_{BE} + K_3 (kT/q)$$

16 where V_{CC} is the power supply voltage, V_T is the predetermined
17 threshold voltage which defines the minimum acceptable voltage
18 of V_{CC} , V_{BE} is a base emitter voltage defined by a selected
19 transistor which comprises a current source within the plurality
20 of current sources, and kT/q is equal to the thermal voltage,
21 where k is Boltzman's constant, T is the temperature in kelvin,
22 q is the electronic charge, and K_1 , K_2 , and K_3 , are constants[.];
23 [and]

25 an indicator circuit having an input connected to the
26 summing node and generating a logical signal at an output,
27 responsive to changes in the summing node; and

29 a switching circuit for providing power to the first circuit
30 from a primary power supply and a secondary power supply, the
31 switching circuit being connected to the output of the indicator
32 circuit, wherein power from the primary power supply is supplied
33 to the first circuit if the logical signal indicates that the
34 power supply voltage is equal to or greater than the
35 predetermined threshold voltage [preselected voltage] and power
36 from the secondary power supply is supplied to the first circuit
37 if the power supply voltage is less than the predetermined
38 threshold voltage [preselected voltage].

1 17. (Amended Twice) A zero power circuit comprising:

2 a first circuit;

3 a direct current sum bandgap voltage comparator comprising:

4 a summing node;

5 a plurality of current sources connected to the summing
6 node, each current source further comprising at least one
7 transistor, and each current source supplying a current to the
8 summing node and being connected to a power supply voltage[-];
9 [and]

10 an indicator circuit having an input connected to the
11 summing node and generating a logical signal at an output,
12 responsive to changes in the summing node; and

13 a switching circuit for providing power to the first circuit
14 from a primary power supply and a secondary power supply, the
15 switching circuit being connected to the output of the indicator
16 circuit, wherein power from the primary power supply is supplied
17 to the first circuit if the logical signal indicates that the
18 power supply voltage is equal to or greater than the preselected
19 voltage and power from the secondary power supply is supplied to
20 the first circuit if the power supply voltage is less than the
21 preselected voltage, wherein the current sources supply according
22 to a bandgap equation:

$$K_1(V_{CC} - V_T) + K_1 V_T = K_2 V_{BE} + K_3 (kT/q)$$

23 where V_{CC} is the power supply voltage, V_T is the predetermined
24 threshold voltage which defines the minimum acceptable voltage
25 of V_{CC} , V_{BE} is a base emitter voltage defined by a selected
26 transistor which comprises a current source within the plurality
27 of current sources, and kT/q is equal to the thermal voltage,
28 where k is Boltzman's constant, T is the temperature in kelvin,
29 q is the electronic charge, and K_1 , K_2 , and K_3 , are constants and
30 wherein the plurality of current sources comprises four current
31 mirrors.

1 27. (Amended) A direct current sum bandgap voltage comparator
2 comprising:

3
4 a power supply having a predetermined threshold voltage
5 level which defines the minimum acceptable voltage level of the
6 power supply;

7
8 a summing node;

9
10 a plurality of current sources connected to the summing node
11 and directly connected to a power supply voltage, each current
12 source further comprising at least one transistor, and each
13 current source supplying a current to the summing node[, wherein
14 the summing node voltage level is responsive to the currents
15 supplied]; and

16
17 an indicator circuit having an input connected to the
18 summing node, wherein the indicator circuit is responsive to
19 changes in the summing node voltage level and generates at an
20 output a logical signal at one state when the summing node
21 voltage level is greater than [a] the predetermined threshold
22 voltage level [value] and generates the logical signal at the
23 output at another state when the summing node voltage level is
24 less than the predetermined threshold voltage level [value, the
25 predetermined value corresponding to a preselected power supply
26 voltage].

1 28. (Amended) The direct current sum bandgap voltage comparator
2 of claim 27, wherein the currents sources supply currents
3 according to a bandgap equation:

4

$$K_1 (V_{CC} - V_T) + K_1 V_T = K_2 V_{BE} + K_3 (kT/q)$$

5 where V_{CC} is the power supply voltage, V_T is the predetermined
6 threshold voltage level, V_{BE} is a base emitter voltage defined by
7 a selected transistor which comprises a current source within the
8 plurality of current sources, and kT/q is equal to a thermal
9 voltage where k is Boltzman's constant, T is the temperature in
10 kelvin, q is the electronic charge, and K_1 , K_2 , and K_3 are
11 constants.

12

13 30. (Amended) The direct current sum bandgap voltage comparator
14 of claim 1 [3], wherein the plurality of current sources are
15 current mirrors.